

CHINA MAIL

ESTABLISHED FOR OVER 100 YEARS

Vol. I, No. 50.

Wednesday, November 7th, 1945.

Price 10 cts.

Ominous Picture In Java Sharp British Warning To Extremists Native Uprising? Neutrals Leaving

BATAVIA, NOV. 6. SPORADIC FIGHTING FLARED ANEW IN THE NORTH-EASTERN SECTION OF BATAVIA DURING THE NIGHT AS NEWLY ARRIVED BRITISH REINFORCEMENTS MAINTAINED A FIRM HOLD ON THE SITUATION AT THE IMPORTANT SOERABAJA NAVAL BASE.

A BRITISH COMMUNIQUE SAID THAT INDONESIAN EXTREMISTS AND DUTCH TROOPS WERE INVOLVED IN FIGHTING HERE WHICH BROKE OUT WHEN TWO GRENADES WERE HURLED INTO THE DUTCH GUARDED AREA OF HOTEL DES INDIES.

Unofficial reports said that the Dutch had fired by mistake on a detachment of the Senforth Highlanders which was sent to the spot to investigate the wound of a Highland Major. The incident was not mentioned in the British communiqué.

Sound of desultory firing was audible in the northern part of the city this morning. The communiqué described the situation elsewhere in Java as quiet during the past twenty-four hours but acknowledged that it was "tense."

Indonesian and Dutch officials are understood to be considering a plan to gain firm control of a small part of Western Java and establish that area as rallying ground from which they could extend their efforts to end the native uprisings in the East Indies.

OMINOUS PICTURE There is a Dutch plan to bring in many more troops, although there has been no official announcement on the subject, with unofficial estimates running as high as 20,000 men before Christmas.

Java is quiet following the flare-up of sporadic fighting in northern Batavia during the night, but the picture is blacker and more ominous with tens of thousands of trigger-happy Indonesians heavily armed and determined to revolt.

The British are in a dilemma apparently undecided whether to fight through and return the island to the Dutch or merely continue to disarm the Japanese, rescue the internees and defend themselves.

The Dutch at present refuse to accept American mediation claiming that the Russians, French and Chinese also may wish to have their thumbs in it. —Associated Press.

REBELLION FEAR: SHARP WARNING

London, Nov. 6. Following renewed outbreaks of firing in Batavia during Sunday night, Reporter John Sien of the London Labour Party paper, the "Daily Herald," cables from Batavia, says he understands that "British Headquarters have completed plans for the defence against a possible Indonesian uprising."

"Neutrals are likely to be warned to leave the city. Neutrals have already been offered facilities to leave Sourabaya and Semarang as the sequel to the wounding of the Swiss Consul in Sourabaya."

A sharp British warning to Indonesian extremists, repeating General Christensen's threat that "all weapons of modern war" would be used if trouble in Java continues, followed a night of gun battles in the streets of Batavia.

Although the situation through Java has been quiet during the last 24 hours, British patrols were called out several times yesterday to investigate shooting incidents in the city. —Reuters.

WANT 250,000. Batavia, Nov. 6. According to an Indonesian spokesman, quoted by the Netherlands News Agency, today the Indonesian army has 40,000 to 70,000 men is now in being.

The commander of the army, who is not in uniform is "General" Soeripriat Toegindih, who has a former title of the Netherlands East Indies Army named Oetop as his chief staff.

The spokesman added that the army would like an army of 250,000 men. He insisted that there was no Minister of War in the Soekarno Cabinet. The spokesman said that Doctor Soekarno, has personally supervised the political aspects of army matters.

The Netherlands News Agency adds that it is known from another reliable source that Dr. Soekarno has been seen in the city for equipment for his army. —Reuters.

Xmas Boxes For Britain

Sydney, Nov. 6. The steamer "Andes" left Sydney to-day carrying 20,000 food parcels for Britain as Christmas gifts from Australia.

There are many more thousands of parcels yet to come. —Reuters.

Kremlin Is Still Coy

WASHINGTON, NOV. 6. UP TO LATE TONIGHT, LESS THAN 24 HOURS BEFORE THE DELAYED MEETING OF THE FAR EASTERN ADVISORY COMMISSION, MOSCOW HAD GIVEN NO INDICATION OF HER INTENTIONS.

The commission meets again to-morrow afternoon after a week's recess, during which the British, American and Chinese delegates were to court the Soviet Union's participation.

A Soviet union official said tonight that "no information has been received as to whether Russia will be represented."

State Department sources consider it certain that the representatives of the other ten nations will not delay their discussions.

Calm Descends Upon Near East Storm Centre

JERUSALEM, NOV. 6. POWERFUL SEARCHLIGHTS WERE SWEEPING THE SEABOARD SOUTHWARD OF HAIFA TONIGHT AS THE CURFEW ORDERED BY THE BRITISH COMMANDER OPERATED FOR THE FIRST TIME.

THE DESTROYER STEVENSON TONIGHT PATROLLED THE COAST NEAR ACRE AND LATER DROPPED ANCHOR IN THE CRUSADER FORTRESS TOWN. A CRUISER AND FOUR DESTROYERS ARE NOW STATIONED AT HAIFA. —REUTERS.

1,000 ARRESTS

Jerusalem, Nov. 6. A precautionary dawn to dusk curfew was in force at Palestine trouble spots after a quiet weekend in which there was no recurrence of last week's Arab-Jewish disturbances.

Cairo was also reported to be calm with only one small anti-Zionist demonstration yesterday which the police quickly broke up.

Dispatches said that 1,000 persons are under arrest as the aftermath of the rioting on Friday and Saturday.

Only one new incident reported yesterday to have occurred when six persons were detected

of tampering with the Royal Navy Dept. fence near Haifa who fled after an interchange of shots with the guards without casualties. —Associated Press.

A 12-hour curfew clamped on all movement in the vital port area of Haifa, which is the terminus of the Iraq pipeline and site of the oil refineries and important power plant, was followed yesterday by a new British Military order tightening the curfew on road traffic throughout Palestine. This is the latest move to curb sabotage attempts. —Reuters.

WHEN CLAPHAM WAS IN THE TROPICS

LONDON, NOV. 6. A TROPICAL FRUIT THE NIPA PALM, FOUND RECENTLY IN LONDON, IS BELIEVED TO PROVE THAT AT ONE TIME THE AREA HARD BY CLAPHAM JUNCTION WAS A TROPICAL FOREST.

The fruit, about the size of a plum, was found growing here. Much of south-eastern England was under water and it is thought the fruit floated down the river and sank in the sea at Clapham.

More than 50,000,000 years later it has been dug up and was on exhibition at the annual reunion of the Geologists Association in London—hosted and for exhibition only. —Reuters.

CHANDRA BOSE ORDERED DEATH

NEW DELHI, NOV. 6. THE TRIAL OF THREE OFFICERS OF THE JAPANESE SPONSORED INDIAN NATIONAL ARMY WAS RESUMED HERE TONIGHT.

The chief prosecution witness said he took over administration of a puppet force of 40,000.

Chandra Bose, he said, offered rewards for the capture and killing of Allied soldiers and ordered the death penalty for cowards or traitors. —Reuters.

And Now It Will Happen

MANILA, NOV. 6. THE SECOND WITNESS BROUGHT FROM PROTECTIVE CUSTODY WHERE HE IS HELD AS A SUSPECTED COLLABORATIONIST, TESTIFIED AT GENERAL YAMASHITA'S WAR CRIMINAL TRIAL YESTERDAY.

He heard the Japanese commander angrily refuse to revoke an order "to kill all Filipinos and destroy all their cities." He was the second witness to give such testimony.

Galang said Yamashita showed great anger when Gen. Artemio Ricarte, Filipino politico-militarist, beseeched him to revoke the order. Yamashita rose, Galang testified, clenched his fists and shouted: "An order is an order; it is my order and because of that it should not be disobeyed. It should be followed—happen what may happen!"

The witness said he overheard the argument at Ricarte's house when Yamashita called there. —Associated Press.

Manila, Nov. 6. When the war criminals trial of the Japanese General Yamashita was resumed here to-day, a 7-year-old Filipino girl described how her mother and father were killed by the Japanese. —Reuters.

He Went One Better

LONDON, NOV. 6. WHEN A 13-YEAR OLD SCHOOL-BOY GAVE EVIDENCE AT THE STRATFORD JUVENILE COURT TONIGHT, IN ANSWER TO A CHARGE OF UNLAWFUL WOUNDING OF HIS FORMER MASTER BY SHOOTING HIM WITH A PISTOL, HE TOLD HOW OTHER BOYS HAD TAKEN WOODEN PISTOLS TO SCHOOL.

He said that he thought he would go one better and take the pistol which belonged to his father, who was a Home Guard officer.

Saying that he had been rebuked over his home-work and cuffed by the master, the boy added: "I felt the pistol against my leg, and it suddenly came into my mind that I was a fumbling, the pistol went off."

The boy was fined 40 shillings for having the revolver in his possession, and the Bench decided that he must go to a reformatory for a month on the unlawful wounding charge.

Notice of appeal was given and the boy was released on bail of £25. —Reuters.

FADEN SAYS I TOLD YOU SO

Sydney, Nov. 6. Commenting on reports of the disturbances by armed Indonesians on the troopship "Esperance Bay," Mr. Arthur Fadden, leader of the Australian Country Party today recalled his warning of Oct. 18.

On that occasion he pointed out that when 200 Indonesians boarded the ship at Brisbane their luggage was not searched for arms, although shipping officials had said that revolvers and knives had been seen on the voyage.

"The Minister of Information, Mr. A. A. Calwell, then denied, and attempted to ridicule my statement, saying the Indonesians could not have ammunition in their baggage because their departure from Sydney was carefully supervised by Security Officers," Mr. Fadden said.

"When some of our Australian soldiers and sailors are fully murdered, as was Brigadier Mellaby at Sourabaya, Calwell and other authorities will awaken to the sense of their responsibility."

Mr. Fadden invited Mr. J. M. Chifley, Australian Prime Minister, to order an immediate investigation. —Reuters.

BRITISH M.P.'S IN YUGOSLAVIA

London, Nov. 6. Twelve British Members of Parliament are to make an unofficial visit to Yugoslavia on Sunday to witness the elections.

They will be guests of the Council of Ministers. —Reuters.

Lausanne, Nov. 6. Switzerland sources close to Don Juan, said that a note was about to be delivered to General Franco advising him that the Prince may leave a formal and Franco manifesto in London. —Associated Press.

REDS LAUNCH AN OFFENSIVE

CHUNGKING, NOV. 6. OFFICIAL REPORTS REACHING CHUNGKING SAID THAT 10,000 CHINESE COMMUNISTS WERE ATTACKING THE NATIONALISTS IN THE SUBURBS OF KWEISUL, CAPITAL OF SUYUAN PROVINCE IN INNER MONGOLIA.

OTHER COMMUNIST COLOUMNS, WERE RUSHING TOWARD THE KWEISUL BATTLE AREA INDICATING THAT CHIANG'S TROOPS DEFENDING THE CITY MIGHT BE MORE GREATLY OUTNUMBERED THAN ALREADY REPORTED.

Gen. Yu Fei Ping, Minister of Communications, charged the Communists have destroyed more than 880 miles of railways north of the Yangtze.

The Communist "New China Daily" reached new heights in violence to-day as it charged Lt. Gen. Albert C. Wedemeyer's promise that Americans would avoid participation in Chinese internal strife was "nothing but a lie."

The charge against the American commander in China was carried in a dispatch from Communist headquarters at Yen-an.

It said the Americans not only armed and equipped Central Government troops "but have invaded our liberated areas in North China, opened fire upon us, arrested some of our army personnel and disarmed some of our troops."

ACTUALLY FOUGHT! The Communists charge the United States with participating in the civil war and say that a contingent of American marines and troops belonging to the Kuomintang 94th Army attacked and occupied a point near Shanhai-kwan on Oct. 30, with the Americans disarming 18 Communist guerrillas.

Kuomintang troops were transported in American vehicles to launch the attack on Shanhai-kwan, the Communist dispatch continued and "on Oct. 31 American and Chinese forces from Chianwangtiao attacked Peltaho and machine-gunned us."

"Our casualties were heavy and we were forced to withdraw from Peltaho," —Associated Press.

YENAN CHARGE

Chungking, Nov. 6. The Communist Party Headquarters yesterday accused the United States troops, artillery and air forces of assisting Chungking Government forces who are storming the Communist hold areas of North Eastern China. —Reuters.

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Bride Shot At Wedding

London, Nov. 6. A bride and her Commando husband posed on the church steps for a photograph after their wedding yesterday when two air gun slugs hit the girl, wounding her in the face and chest. A third slug struck her knee.

There was a big crowd outside, and the person who fired them got away. The wedding took place at a Catholic church. —Reuters.

Democracy Working In Hungary

THE MODERATELY CONSERVATIVE SMALL HOLDERS PARTY APPEARED TO HAVE WON A SWEEPING VICTORY OVER HUNGARY'S LEFT-WING SOCIAL DEMOCRATS AND COMMUNISTS IN THE FIRST GENERAL ELECTIONS HELD IN RUSSIAN OCCUPIED EASTERN EUROPE SINCE THE END OF THE WAR.

Early returns indicated that the party made up of small shopkeepers, small land-owners and professional men would get about 80 per cent of the total vote.

The labourite and social democratic running second will probably get 20 per cent of the vote while the Communists' expected poll is between 12 to 15 per cent.

Rightist Christian democrats and other groups drew a negligible vote.

The small holders' victory will undoubtedly result in the formation of a new government.

There is every evidence that the elections were conducted in complete freedom with only a few instances of violence.

It appears, therefore, that Hungary has removed one of the obstacles in the way of full recognition by the United States and Britain. —Associated Press.

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Acute Food Shortage In South-East Asia

COLOMBO, NOV. 6. IN SOUTH-EAST ASIA, ESPECIALLY MALAYA, IS SO ACUTE THAT MEASURES ARE ALREADY BEING TAKEN TO PROVIDE RELIEF BY IMPORTING IN THESE AREAS RICE FROM SIAM, WHICH IS EXPECTED TO REACH THE TARGET OF 150,000 TONS BY THE END OF THIS YEAR, IT IS LEARNED HERE TONIGHT.

In spite of shipping difficulties, traffic has been started between Malaya and Siam with junks, each of which is carrying armed men to guard against danger from pirates.

Nearly 30 ships now in Bangkok are expected to bring 1,000 tons of rice each on their return trip to Singapore.

Attempts are being made to provide British coasters for this rice traffic but it is unlikely that enough of these can be available to help solve this problem. The provision of captured Japanese vessels is also being investigated.

The food shortage in Singapore has led to abnormally high prices and Allied servicemen have been forbidden to buy cooked meals in local restaurants. —Reuters.

WHETHER FRANCE LIKES IT OR NOT

BERLIN, NOV. 6. THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND THE SOVIET UNION WILL PROCEED WITH PLANS FOR A CENTRAL ADMINISTRATION FOR GERMANY WITHOUT FRENCH PARTICIPATION IF FRANCE PERSISTS IN HER OPPOSITION TO CENTRAL RULE, AN OFFICIAL INFORMANT SAID TONIGHT.

The Potsdam declaration provided that a central government be eventually established.

The French, who are not signatories to the document, are demanding the internationalization of the Ruhr and Rhineland and also want to see Germany dismembered into economic blocs and rebuilt into an economic entity. —Associated Press.

AUSSIE MINISTER TO CHINA

Canberra, Nov. 6. It was officially announced today that Professor Copland had been appointed Australian Minister to China.

Professor Copland is Dean of the Faculty of Commerce at the Melbourne University.

The former Minister to China, Sir Donald Macdonald, was transferred to the Legation in Washington some months ago. —Reuters.

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Not One Prisoner In 200,000 Fit

BERLIN, NOV. 6. ONCE WELL-FED MEN BUT NOW NOTHING BUT HUMAN SCARECROWS, THOUSANDS OF GERMANS ARE IN A BRITISH-BUN TRANSIT CAMP ON THE OUTSKIRTS OF THE BRITISH SECTOR OF BERLIN. THE MEN ARE PRISONERS-OF-WAR FROM RUSSIA, BOUND FOR THEIR HOMES IN THE BRITISH, AMERICAN AND FRENCH ZONES.

The men all look alike, their uniforms are so uniformly ragged, their hair so uniformly shaggy, their skin so uniformly yellow.

Some of them can walk, some can hobble, some can do little more than crawl. Many of them were captured at Stalingrad.

As a Reuters correspondent was being taken round the camp by a British officer the deaths of seven inmates the previous night were reported to him by a corporal.

"The daily death rate is fairly low considering the state they were in when they arrived here," the captain said.

The big problem is to get blankets and beds. There are very few of the former and no beds at all.

ONE-POUND ARMY

"It is impossible to secure building materials and even old blankets are unobtainable, though Germans and the British are very keen to get them."

The men spend an average of three days in the camp and get two meals a day and a 48-hour spread false rumours. —Reuters.

Soviet Only Hope Of Saving I.L.O.

THE AMERICAN LABOUR DELEGATION AND THE MEXICAN WORKERS DELEGATE, SPEAKING AT THE INTERNATIONAL LABOUR ORGANISATION MEETING TO-DAY, BOTH URGED THE SOVIET TO JOIN THE ORGANISATION.

"THIS IS NOT A POLITICAL QUESTION, NOT AN IDEALISTIC QUESTION, NOT A QUESTION OF PRINCIPLES—IT IS SIMPLY A QUESTION OF THE SURVIVAL OF THIS ORGANISATION," IT WAS DECLARED.

It was pointed out that though the majority of the world is under the capitalist system at least a third is under socialism.

"No international organisation could hope to exist without the three great powers which defeated Fascism," it was added.

The American delegate said: "It is true there have been negotiations with the Soviet Union, which have not succeeded, but they have been private and such negotiations should not be private. We have nothing of which to be afraid."

"I have never been a member of the Communist Party in my country, for reasons I am prepared to explain to anyone. But I say that this organisation cannot succeed without the Soviet Union, the United States and Britain."

Mr. Joseph Hallworth, British workers' delegate, said: "I would be glad to have Russia in the I.L.O."

He added: "But the essence of the I.L.O. is freedom and if Russia comes in it must not be as a dictatorship. The principle of the I.L.O. is that a government must not dictate to workers' delegates or employers' delegates what they should do or how they should vote."

The conference to-day discussed the Belgian proposal that the present national delegations to the I.L.O. include two government delegates, one employers' and one workers' delegate.

The Belgian proposal urged further that in completely socialist countries the employers' delegates should be managers of socialist undertakings, that is to say, more or less government servants.

THE SPITFIRE

Amendments by partly socialist countries, however, suggested that one employers' and one workers' delegate should be from a State undertaking.

The proposal, it is pointed out, would mean in practice that the government of a socialist country with one delegate representing the employer and one the worker and two direct representatives would have four representatives to the workers' one.

John Forbes Watson, the British employers' delegate, defending private enterprise told the conference that "private enterprise produced the Spitfires which won the battle of Britain. Private enterprise won the battle of Britain and, by doing so, allowed you all to come here."

Mr. Watson said that there had been 67 I.L.O. conventions attended by 63 countries out of which 13 had not ratified one single convention.

"If this organisation is to live it must introduce a greater sense of reality into its work and into all who come to it."

Henry Carlos Prior, the Indian Government delegate, said there was great value in the suggestion which had been made that member states be required to state their reasons why they are unable to ratify conventions.

ASIATIC TALKS?

"Reports need not be too long but should be such as to insure that member states take stock of their position and give sufficient information to enable the Office and committee of experts to lay clearer and more illuminating reports before the conference."

"I have already addressed the importance of framing conventions so as to allow ratification. The procedure I have outlined would permit the conference to gauge how large a step forward should be aimed at in future conventions."

Prior supported the proposal by Mr. Joshi, Indian workers' delegate, that Asiatic countries should always have two workers' representatives.

"The Government of India would welcome an early Asiatic regional conference and would be happy if it could be held in India," he added.

The whole question in the altering of the constitution and the question of affiliation to the new United Nations' Organisation and other points raised during the debate were referred to the small "working committee" which will prepare a report and present it at the conference.—Reuter.

ROOSEVELT LETTERS

Washington, Nov. 6. The late President Roosevelt's White House files totalling sixty-four bundles each as big as a bale of hay has been made available to the Senate House Committee inquiring into the Pearl Harbor disaster, Senator George of Georgia reported in response to a question by Republican members of the Committee raised as to whether some of President Roosevelt's correspondence might be regarded as personal and withheld.—Associated Press.

SCHUSSNIG TO TESTIFY?

Nuernberg, Nov. 6. Kurt Schussnig, ex-chancellor of Austria, whom the Nazis imprisoned after March, 1938, on the occasion of the Anschluss, has arrived at Nuernberg, the scene of the forthcoming Nazi trials. "Some sources said that there might be a possibility that he will be the witness against Arthur Seyss-Inquart, his successor as chancellor.—Associated Press."

PREMIER TO TRAVEL

Athens, Nov. 6. Greece's new premier, Panagiotis Kanellopoulos, said to-day he expects to make a trip to Washington and London "in about two weeks" to ask for more aid for rehabilitation of his stricken country.—Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 6. The Government has moved to head off the potential strike by the postal workers by appointing Arthur H. Meyer, Chairman of the New York Mediation Board, as special conciliator to handle the wage dispute between the United States Postal Corporation and the postal workers.—Associated Press.

TRUMAN MAY VISIT FRANCE

Paris, Nov. 6. The newspaper "Mid" said in an uncredited dispatch that President Truman might come to Europe in the Spring for a visit to Paris and Normandy.—Associated Press.

JAPS NOT WANTED

Mexico City, Nov. 6. Mexico doesn't want Japanese fishing fleets to return to the banks off Lower California unless they first seek permission. President Avila Camacho has issued a memorandum asserting Mexico's right to all fish, oil and mineral resources offshore to the edge of the continental shelf. (President Truman recently issued the same proclamation covering the waters adjacent to the United States).

Mexican officials said foreign fishing fleets, principally Japanese, almost depleted the fishing banks before the war.—Associated Press.

BATTLEWAGON GETS A CITATION

Bremerton, Nov. 6. Rear-Admiral Ralph W. Christie, Puget Sound Navy Yard Commandant, to-day presented the U.S.S. Pennsylvania with a navy unit citation in recognition of the battleship's long and distinguished war service.

The battleship is undergoing repairs to damage inflicted by a Japanese aerial torpedo on August 12, 1945, 69 hours before the end of the war.—Associated Press.

Tokyo, Nov. 6. The Allied Headquarters has ordered the screening of 400,000 teachers in 35,000 schools and the dismissal of all militaristic and ultra-nationalists from the faculties.—Associated Press.

Notice To Wireless Stockholders

FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF A LETTER WHICH HAS BEEN ISSUED TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF CABLE AND WIRELESS (HOLDING) LIMITED AND TO THE PRESS IN THE UNITED KINGDOM:—

The United Kingdom Government have signified their decision that the Telecommunications Services should in future come under Government ownership.

The United Kingdom Government's proposal is that they should acquire all shares of Cable and Wireless Limited (the operating company) whose capital is £30,000,000 of which the Government already hold £2,500,000.

The shares of Cable and Wireless Limited (the operating company) are at present held exclusively by the Associated Cable Companies, Marconi's Wireless Telegraph Company Limited, and His Majesty's Government and are the main asset of the holding company.

GOVERNOR'S SPEECH

Your directors desire to remind the stockholders of the reference made to discussions on this subject in the Governor's speech at the annual general meeting held in June, 1945, and of the assurance then given to stockholders that their interests were ever in the minds of their directors and that whatever might be the trend of the discussions the stockholders would be consulted before any irrevocable steps were taken by the Board.

The decision of the United Kingdom Government implies the acceptance of recommendations by the Commonwealth Telecommunications Conference which met in London in July, 1945.

These recommendations envisaged the formation of public utility corporations in the United Kingdom and in the Dominions and India and the establishment of an overriding authority which would in effect receive the net revenue of these corporations from which it would deduct its own expenses and such expenditure as was deemed to be common to the system as a whole, thereafter apportioning the balance among the various national bodies.

The central body would also be responsible for decisions on matters of policy.

The directors while at all times anxious to co-operate with the Government in anything that may be for the benefit of Imperial communications have felt bound to make the strongest representations both verbally and in writing to the United Kingdom Government and to the Commonwealth Telecommunications Conference and other conferences which preceded it to the effect that they consider the proposals to be inimical to the interests of the peoples of the Empire and to all classes of telecommunication users.

They have also said that they consider the proposed scheme impracticable and unwelcome. They also considered it dangerous to the Empire's communications. They have also said that they consider the proposed scheme impracticable and unwelcome. They also considered it dangerous to the Empire's communications. They have also said that they consider the proposed scheme impracticable and unwelcome. They also considered it dangerous to the Empire's communications.

Most U.N.R.R.A. Supplies To Go To China

CHUNGKING, NOV. 6. DOUBT OVER THE ACCURACY OF REPORTS THAT THE UNITED STATES ARMY IS DESTROYING SOME SURPLUS MATERIAL IN CHINA RATHER THAN DISTRIBUTE IT AS FREE GIFTS AND THEREBY POSSIBLY HAMPER NORMAL AMERICAN COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES, WAS EXPRESSED TO-DAY BY ROY HENDRICKSON, DEPUTY-DIRECTOR OF THE U.N.R.R.A. WHO IS NOW VISITING CHINA.

HENDRICKSON SAID THAT MAJOR-GENERAL HENRY AURAND, CHIEF OF THE SERVICES OF SUPPLY IN CHINA HAD INFORMED HIM THAT SUBSTANTIAL SURPLUSES OF MATERIAL WERE BEING TURNED OVER TO THE CHINESE GOVERNMENT.

"I would doubt if any destruction is being carried out," he said.

He declared that in China and elsewhere, the U.N.R.R.A. was obtaining from the United States army substantial quantities of material suitable for civilian relief and rehabilitation.

He said that as many military surpluses in China were being turned over to the Chinese Government it was unnecessary for U.N.R.R.A. to make arrangements for their purchase.

MEDICAL SUPPLIES. His statement was based on the conversations he had in Washington with General Wedemeyer and in Kunming with Auran.

"I very seriously doubt whether any destruction of material has been carried out in China," Hendrickson said.

Benjamin Kizer, director of the China office of U.N.R.R.A. interposed to say that U.N.R.R.A. was taking over U.S.\$1,000,000 worth of medicine and supplies from the United States army in China.

These were drawn mainly from the Kunming and Chung-

king areas and would be used in these localities.

He said that U.N.R.R.A. had acquired from the American army 1,403 tons of medical supplies, surgical instruments and hospital equipment.

The organization was sending representatives to Shanghai for power shovels and other things needed for the conservation projects particularly on the Yangtze and the Yellow River.

BIGGEST RECEIVER

Hendrickson said that U.N.R.R.A. was planning to send an average of 200 trucks to China on each liberty ship to help in the distribution of supplies and was trying to get barges out of the United States army surplus in the Pacific. The organization was also trying to get tug-boats and had taken over some contracts from the United States army and navy.

Hendrickson emphasised that China would be the biggest receiver of U.N.R.R.A. supplies.

Hendrickson will be received to-morrow by Generalissimo and Madame Chiang Kai-shek. He will start about Nov. 14 on a tour of inspection which will include Canton, Kweilin, Luchow, Hangyang, Changsha, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin and Shanghai.—Associated Press.

AIR TRANSPORT

London, Nov. 6. Government's decision that shipping and railway interests will not be allowed to participate in financing civil aviation (which is to be wholly Government-financed) causes natural regret in the city. Transport circles feel everything now depends on how far Government will make use of their experience and enable surface transport to dovetail with and to expand air transport.

They argue that the quickness of the decision, which is vital for aviation, is inappropriate to governmental control, especially as no less than eight ministries are more or less concerned with flying.

Government's decision that chartered flying shall be opened to private operators seems to leave "Shipping and Airlines Limited" (formed by 37 British companies owning deep-sea tramps) free to develop its plans.—Reuter.

TRIESTE TROUBLES

Rome, Nov. 6. Dispatches in Rome newspapers said yesterday that at least one person was killed and many others wounded on Saturday during the disorders in Trieste while undetermined number of persons lost their lives in the uprisings in Capodistria, ten miles south of the Adriatic port city.

Dispatches said that the Trieste disorders occurred when Yugoslav sympathisers attempted to interfere with the mass meetings of pro-Italians held in commemoration of the 27th anniversary of the Italian occupation of the city now claimed by both the Italians and the Yugoslavs.—Associated Press.

BACK TO ATTU

San Francisco, Nov. 6. Sixteen out of 40 Aleutians seized in the Japanese invasion of Attu in 1942 have arrived here en route to Attu.

The group includes a month-old infant and a two-year old child born in a Hokkaido prison camp.—Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 6. The Commerce Department announced to-day the first cotton goods "for the Netherlands East Indies, Indo-China, Norway and Sweden since the United States entered the war."—Reuter.

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U.S. Army in Australia.

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TO-DAY AT 2.30, 7.15 & 9.15 p.m.

DOUBLE ATTRACTIONS

LAUREL & HARDY

"THICKER THAN WATER"

CHARLIE CHASE

"KELLY THE SECOND"

NEXT CHANGE

JEANETTE MACDONALD, RAMON NOVABO in

"OAT AND THE FIDDLE"

LIFT SERVICE—TO—DRESS ORIOLE & STALLS

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RUSSEL and MELVYN

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To-day only at 2.30, 7.15, 9.15

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"GOOD OLD SOAK"

An M.G.M. Picture

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8 SHOWS.....2.30—7.15—9.15

Death hold the Stop-watch in

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WARNER OLAND in

A Mystery Detective Thriller

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To-Morrow: "PURSUED"

CHINA FLEET CLUB THEATRE

TO-DAY at 19.30

Variety Concert by H.M.S.

"GUARDIAN'S" Concert Party

To-morrow at 16.00 and 19.30

Performance in Hong Kong of

Noel Coward's Record-Breaking

Comedy Ensembles

"BLITHE SPIRIT"

with

Ray Hamilton, Constance Cummings

& Margaret Rutherford

In Association with

Threat Of Football Stoppage

MANCHESTER, NOV. 6. THE CHAIRMAN OF THE FOOTBALL PLAYERS' UNION, AT A MEETING HERE TODAY, ANNOUNCED THAT 62 CLUBS HAD VOTED BY BALLOT FOR A STRIKE, ONLY TWO CLUBS VOTED AGAINST.

Football players decided by 31 votes in favour of the motion not to play on Saturday, Nov. 17, unless the Football League will meet their demands, which include better wages, with £12 as the maximum weekly, all-year round contracts and better insurance.

The international player, Sammy Crooks, presided over the meeting, which was packed with international "stars."

It was unanimously agreed to play against the Soviet touring side if the Football Association fixed the matches and picked the teams.—Reuter.

Indonesians In London

LONDON, NOV. 6. Two Indonesian delegates who had been representing the Indonesian National Association in Amsterdam have arrived at the World Youth Conference and have conferred with the Dutch Delegation about issuing a "common statement" on the fighting in the Netherlands East Indies.

The delegates, M. Darusman and R. M. Surjono, came to the conference at a radioed request from Dr. Soekarno.

Darusman said: "We believe in self-determination for Indonesia and we approve resistance to the Dutch military occupation of our country. We don't approve, however, of Doctor Soekarno's wartime policy of working with the Japanese."—Associated Press.

MOSCOW DRAPE IN RED-BUNTING

MOSCOW, NOV. 6. The Soviet capital draped itself in red bunting as its citizens, bound by stronger ties of patriotism than ever before, prepared to celebrate the 25th anniversary of the "October revolution."

Ceremonies are to begin tonight with a speech by Josef Stalin, who traditionally addresses the people on the eve of the anniversary of the Bolshevik uprising to overthrow the interim Kerensky government.

It is called the "October revolution" because it was October 25 under the Julian calendar. The present calendar date is November 7.—Associated Press.

UNRRA PURCHASES

PARIS, NOV. 6. The U.N.R.R.A. has purchased from the Army and Navy Liquidation Commission more than \$21,000,000 worth of surplus war materials for Poland, Czechoslovakia, Yugoslavia and Greece.

The purchases include 200 locomotives and 4,120 freight cars.—Associated Press.

FROM SAIPAN

SAN FRANCISCO, NOV. 6. The attack transport, U.S.S. "Menifee" is on its third return trip from the Orient from Saipan with 1,969 passengers on board and is scheduled to observe its first birthday to-day.—Associated Press.

OTTO TO STAND TRIAL

PARIS, NOV. 6. French sources said here today that the trial of Otto Abetz, Hitler's Ambassador to France during the German occupation, would take place before the Military Court of Seine district instead of an Allied Tribunal.—Associated Press.

LONDON, NOV. 6. The Exchange Telegraph quoted Prague radio to-day as saying that a Norwegian delegation is expected in Prague in November to negotiate a trade agreement with Norway and Czechoslovakia.—Associated Press.

NEW DELHI, NOV. 6. Plans for the construction of about 3,000 miles of new rail lines in India during the next seven years have been announced. The existing mileage in India is about 41,000 miles.—Associated Press.

LONDON, NOV. 6. A large number of men engaged in rush repair work marched in a procession in London yesterday in support of their claim to the guaranteed working week of 40 hours and three shillings per hour wage for craftsmen.—Reuter.

R.A.F. Officers' Narrow Escape From Indonesia Mob

Local Elections May Be Pointer

WASHINGTON, NOV. 6. To-day's local elections will possibly furnish some national political indicators but neutral observers believe that they will be very slim.

The New York city and Detroit mayoralty elections offer the best possibilities in this respect. Democrats said that victory for William O'Dwyer, their candidate in New York, will be something of a setback for the Republican Governor, Thomas E. Dewey, because Dewey is backing Judge Jonah Goldstein.

Republicans contend, however, that the O'Dwyer victory will be like a "Dutchman carrying Holland" and that the Detroit election may provide a test in strength of the C.I.O. political action committee which is backing Richard T. Frankensteen, a vice-president of the C.I.O. United Automobile Workers against the incumbent Edward J. Jeffries who is seeking a fourth term.—Associated Press.

AMERICANS HONOUR BRITISH BRASS HAT

FRANKFURT, NOV. 6. Major-General Colwyn Villiamy, Director of Signals and Signal Officer-in-Chief for India, was given the American decoration, the Legion of Merit by General Dwight Eisenhower at his headquarters here to-day.

The decoration, which is awarded to the highest military or naval officer of the United States, was presented to Villiamy because, according to the citation, "by his leadership, tact and superior judgment he co-ordinated the British, American and other Allied forces, which contributed largely to the success of the invasion of Europe."

In presenting the medal, General Eisenhower said: "You have done a damn good job."—Reuter.

ACUTE PROBLEM FOR M.O.'S

HONOLULU, NOV. 6. Army medical officers are facing a long job in China, Japan and the Philippines where sanitation and public health in densely populated areas are acute problems.

Assistant Surgeon General Raymond W. Bliss said en route to the Far East.

He declared that 90 per cent of the war prisoners contacted a parasitic disease like hook-worm and tape-worm.—Associated Press.

PLENTY OF SUGAR

WASHINGTON, NOV. 6. The existence of sugar stocks in Java in confirmed by United States Army authorities, announced the Department of Agriculture.

Army officials estimate that 1,600,000 short tons, comprising 1,000,000 metric tons in bags and 400,000 reported by the Dutch authorities in Bura.

It is impossible to forecast when the sugar will be available for export owing to the internal difficulties in Java.—Reuter.

GENERAL HONOURED

TOKYO, NOV. 6. At the Sixth Army headquarters in Tokyo, General Walter Krueger presented the Distinguished Service Medal to-day to Major-General George H. Platteburg for work as Chief of Staff since May 11, 1944.

The award cited service during operations at Wake, Tein, Bink, Noemfoof, Sansapor, Morotai, Leyte, Mindoro and Luzon.—Associated Press.

CHUNGKING, NOV. 6. President Kim Koo of the Korean Provisional Government and 27 subordinates have left for home after talks with Chiang Kai-shek. The group is expected to stop three days in Shanghai.

Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek expressed the hope that the Korean leaders would strive for freedom and independence and co-operate with the United States, Russia, Britain and other nations without discrimination against race or colour to "build a new world of peace and happiness."—Associated Press.

LONDON, NOV. 6. Legislation to bring the British dependent territories under State control is predicted in parliamentary circles as the next objective of the new Labour government in its expanding of the nationalisation programme.—Associated Press.

BERLIN, NOV. 6. One hundred thousand people turned out for the biggest mass meeting in Berlin's history and cheered the Republican leader, Jasha Friedman, when he declared: "I am convinced the monarchy will never be revived from its deep grave."—Associated Press.

Escape From Indonesia Mob

BATAVIA, NOV. 6. CALLING OUT THAT HE WAS AN AUSTRALIAN SAVED A SMALL PARTY OF ROYAL AIR FORCE OFFICERS FROM BEING KILLED BY A MOB IN SOURABAYA, ACCORDING TO WING-COMMANDER WALTER KERR OF SYDNEY, WHO LANDED AT BATAVIA TO-DAY.

WING-COMMANDER KERR AND AN ENGLISHMAN, WING-COMMANDER ROBERT BARNES, WERE IN CHARGE OF THE R.A.F. OFFICERS, WHO WERE SURROUNDED BY INDONESIAN ON OCT. 23, DRAGGED FROM THEIR CAR AND THREATENED WITH INSTANT DEATH.

Wing-Commander Kerr told newspapermen here that he was convinced the whole party would have been butchered, but for the fact that he shouted out that he was an Australian, and jumped from the car to show that he was unarmed.

The Indonesian mob hesitated and the party were hustled into a building by two policemen, while the mob remained outside shouting: "Kill the Whites; give us the British."

They would have starved, added Wing-Commander Kerr, but for the food smuggled to them by the Koreans and Japanese, who were also prisoners in the same jail.

HYMN-SINGING CHINESE

Every night the Indonesians would appear outside the cell, yelling: "All Englishmen will die," and threatening the prisoners with machine-guns.

On the third night, a Chinese, who understood the Indonesian language, told the R.A.F. party: "I cannot help. Just pray to God," and the same Chinese began singing hymns.

On the seventh day the party were taken from the jail without any explanation and handed over to the British.

Wing-Commander Barnes told how a party of 40 odd Indians were brought into the jail in a pitiful condition. They had been without food and water for two days.

Describing conditions in Sourabaya, Wing-Commander Kerr said:

Learned Hard Way

TOKYO, NOV. 6. General MacArthur has approved the statement of General George C. Kenney, Commander of the Far Eastern Air Forces under MacArthur, that the allied Commander-in-Chief's opposition in 1932 to the unification of the armed forces was the greatest mistake of his military career.

General MacArthur said: "Unfortunately, the world since that time has shrank to permit simultaneous and coordinated employment of the three dimensions of modern combat."

"A common denominator now rules every battle array. We have learned during the last four years—and learned in a hard way. I hope that our future national defence will be flexible enough to profit thereby."—Associated Press.

ROUNDING UP NAZI BANKERS

FRANKFURT, NOV. 6. The United States army has started rounding up leading German bankers in the American occupation zone having arrested twenty-one directors of six of the largest German institutions, accusing them of financing the German war machine and helping the Nazi exploit the occupied countries.—Associated Press.

CLEAR OF NIPS

HONOLULU, NOV. 6. Pearl Harbor fleet headquarters has announced that the last Japanese has left Wake Island for Japan aboard the former luxury liner "Hakawa Maru."

The group consisted of 533 evacuees, all that was left of the garrison, which was reduced by bombing, starvation and disease. It included only ten men of the original assault troops.—Associated Press.

SEOUL, NOV. 6. Six members of the United Korean Committee of American have arrived from Washington to join the Korean Provisional Government.—Associated Press.

LONDON, NOV. 6. Lincoln Evans, assistant General Secretary of the British Iron and Steel Trade Federation, said in a letter to the "London Times" that Germany has "three times more machinery than she had in 1929 and would not take her very long to get ready for any new adventure she may care to embark upon."—Associated Press.

Kerr said: "When we left the canals were reported to be floating with bodies. I saw one Indian in one canal with his hands and feet tied and a rope around his neck."

WOMEN KILLED

The two Wing-Commanders were able to give some information on the ambush of a British convoy, containing supplies and women and children, being shifted from an ex-prisoner-of-war camp.

The jeep, which was leading the convoy, was heavily machine-gunned, and the British officer and Indian, who were in the car, were killed. It is also known that some women and children were killed, but most of the party are still missing.

Five of the trucks that they were riding were found burned and six crashed on the side of the road. The two trucks which got through to the British lines contained wounded women and a dead child.

Later, the women of a third truck walked into the British lines carrying their wounded.—Reuter.

Americans Don't Like Industrial Strife

WASHINGTON, NOV. 6. THE SHADOW OF SOME 265,000 PERSONS IDLE IN LABOUR DISPUTES IN 31 STATES HUNG OVER THE OPENING SESSIONS OF THE LABOUR-MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE HERE TO-DAY ALTHOUGH THE MEETING IS EXPECTED TO DEAL WITH LONG-RANGE ASPECTS OF LABOUR PEACE.

PRESIDENT TRUMAN, WHO SUMMONED THE CONFERENCE, TOLD THE DELEGATES THAT LABOUR AND MANAGEMENT MUST SQUARE THEIR DIFFERENCES BECAUSE CONTROVERSIES "CAN NOT BE ALLOWED TO STOP US" IN THE STRUGGLE TO RE-CONVERT TO PEACETIME PRODUCTION.

How Peron Returned To Power

WASHINGTON, NOV. 6. The Cuban Senator, Edward Chibas, who often speaks for the Administration, said that delay of the United States Senate Foreign Relations Committee's approval of the Peron regime, or Assistant Secretary of State is responsible for the return of Colonel Peron to power in Argentina.

He said that Argentina has interpreted the delay as meaning that the Committee did not approve of Peron's regime. Brannen was formerly U.S. Ambassador to Argentina.

Some Committee members said that the delay was not based on criticism of Brannen's work but on dissatisfaction with the way that the State Department handled the postponement of the Inter-American Conference in Rio de Janeiro.—Associated Press.

ANGLO-GREEK MONEY TALKS

ATHENS, NOV. 6. Gregory Kessimitis conferred to-day with the Financial Advisory Committee of the British Embassy on financial and economic problems in Greece.

The conversations will be continued with other officials and the Government's financial programme will be announced next week, it was understood.—Associated Press.

BELGRADE, NOV. 6. Belgrade radio reports from Yugoslavia yesterday stated that in point of fact Yugoslavia was a republic, and that the formal change from a kingdom to a "Democratic Federative Republic" would be made by the Skupstina (Yugoslav Parliament), which will be elected on Nov. 11.—Reuter.

EDINBURGH, NOV. 6. The first annual session of the branch of the Muslim League in Great Britain, which was held here yesterday, passed a resolution giving full support to the Palestine Arabs and endorsing the demands for a Palestine State.—Reuter.

Left Him His Office

LIVERPOOL, NOV. 6. Seventy Greek seamen who have been without ships for six months have "regionalised" the city's Greek consulate, where they now occupy every room except the consul's private office.

The men to-day staged a hunger strike in the building.—Reuter.

Appeal To General MacArthur

TOKYO, NOV. 6. An International Independence Youth Movement has been organised here to campaign for full freedom for Indonesia and India and has urged General MacArthur to intercede to halt fighting in those areas and advise the United States to mediate.

The letter was signed by the Indonesian, Indo-Chinese, Filipino, Korean and Indian members of the organisation. It asked specifically, pending the settlement of the disputes, that General MacArthur make use of his position to prevent the Dutch forces from landing in Indonesia and pursuing the French to withdraw their troops from Indo-China.

"We sincerely hope that the United States will uphold and put into practice her lofty fundamentals as stated by President Truman in his latest speech which recognises the right of all peoples to choose their own form of government."

The appeal to MacArthur was released after a rally in a downtown park at which the group voiced opposition "to all kinds of imperialism barring the establishment of an everlasting peace."—Associated Press.

WANTS HIS PATCH

The following are the views on the Health Minister's proposal to assist the housing problem by erecting high buildings in the country-side:—

Sir Patrick Abercrombie, professor of the Town-Planning University College: "Such a scheme is not suitable for the working class nor for young families. The working man wants his vegetable patch and chicken run as near as possible to his own door."

Sir Charles H. Reilly, professor of architecture at the Liverpool University: "Flats in the suburbs of cities would be a splendid idea if they stopped the spread of houses over the country-side but they did not seem to be necessary in the country."—Reuter.

BRITISH POLICY CONDEMNED

COLOMBO, NOV. 6. The Ceylon Muslim League, at a mass meeting to-day, condemned the British Labour Government's "repressive" policy in Indonesia.

The speakers, who included members of the State Council, said that the Indonesian struggle against Dutch oppression, begun before the Japanese occupation, was based on the inspiration of Islam and on the highest democratic principles of the modern world.

It was reprehensible that British troops should be used to quell the struggle for freedom, by the Indonesians, the speakers declared.—Reuter.

R.A.F. SOCCER TRIAL

No. 5204 Squadron, R.A.F. are holding a trial Soccer match at King's Park at 5 p.m. to-day. The selected teams are: Probables: Ridsden; Carter; Brown; Gearing; Joyce; Sellers; Brydon; Dewar; Greenwood; Compston; Voss; Possibles: Shankland; Butler; Perry; Richmond; Rhodes; Stutt; Bratt; Clegg; Caldwell; Gough; Cave; Linesmen: Williams and FitzGibbons; Referee: Crowther.

NEW YORK, NOV. 6. A record-breaking total of \$421,000,000 was wagered on thoroughbred racing in New York State this year, exceeding the 1944 mark by \$32,000,000.

The State's share totalled over \$27,000,000.—Associated Press.

NEW YORK, NOV. 6. The baseball clown Al Schacht is heading for the Pacific tomorrow where he will entertain troops of the occupation armies throughout the Pacific area in solo acts, the United States Organization camp shows announced.—Associated Press.

MELBOURNE, NOV. 6. Approximately 22,000 people are expected to be riding on 29 barges in the Melbourne Cup, Australia's two-mile horse racing classic, when they go to the post to-morrow before a crowd expected to total 130,000 people.—Associated Press.

NEW YORK, NOV. 6. The Associated Press' poll of top football teams placed the following order: Notre Dame, Alabama, Navy, St. Mary's, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio State, Pennsylvania and Columbia.—Associated Press.

Battle Of Hospitals Looms In Britain

LONDON, NOV. 6. ALREADY THERE ARE INDICATIONS THAT A BITTER HOUSE OF COMMONS CONTROVERSY WILL BEGIN NEXT YEAR WHEN HEALTH MINISTER ANEIRIN BEVAN BRINGS IN HIS COMPREHENSIVE NATIONAL HEALTH SCHEME, THAT IS NOW EXPECTED TO TAKE OVER THE 1,000 VOLUNTARY HOSPITALS.

INDEPENDENCE OF THESE HOSPITALS WILL BE FOUGHT FOR, NOT ONLY BY DISTINGUISHED MEDICAL MEMBERS ON THE OPPOSITION SIDE BUT ALSO POSSIBLY BY SOME LABOUR MEMBERS WHO ARE CLOSELY ASSOCIATED WITH HOSPITALS IN VARIOUS PARTS OF THE COUNTRY.

Critics of voluntary hospitals have argued that it was unsatisfactory for them to depend on charitable collections in streets, penny-a-week schemes and similar efforts, and that the whole system should be rationalised so that hospitals and their hundreds of thousands of patients know precisely where they stand.

Against the system will be the point that, however theoretically sound a system may be, it will not work if the good-will of doctors is alienated because they dislike the way things are being done.

Details of how the scheme will be brought into action have not yet been settled. Pro-longed discussions between Mr. Bevan and the various interests concerned are expected to take place first.

It does not seem likely that the Bill embodying the national health service will be ready for some months. In the New Year it will probably be preceded by that containing the government's social insurance plan and so it will be some time before the actual battle of the hospitals begins.

Dr. Stefan Jedrychowski, Minister of Foreign Trade declared to-day in a visit here, that Poland would "always" be an "important nation" and that at least five years would be required before she could regain her pre-war export volume.

He held out little hope that much trade could be carried on with the United States and England before 1950, saying that Poland needs everything she can produce during the reconstruction period.

He said that Poland hoped to get 1,000 automobiles, trucks, machines, rolling stock and large amounts of clothing from the American Army surpluses.

Poland's eventual exports will include meat to the United States. Poland's pre-war exports to the United States were \$50,000,000 and imports were \$130,000,000.—Associated Press.

WORLD'S LARGEST

NEW DELHI, NOV. 6. Hyderabad is to be the possessor of one of the largest irrigation projects, as well as the greatest canal system in the world.

The scheme will harness the River Tungabhadra at a point where it drains an area of 10,800 square miles. A large storage reservoir is being erected to preserve water, which will be used for irrigating one of the most arid tracts of the Deccan, which should then enjoy freedom from scarcity or famine.

The system will cover an area of 1,500,000 acres and it is proposed to irrigate nearly 750,000 acres annually.

Industrial development would be harnessed to the irrigation scheme by a hydro-electric power station.—Reuter.

HOOVER STRAFED

LONDON, NOV. 6. The Moscow radio broadcast an attack upon "American isolationists" last night and accused them of being "originators of the idea of using economic and military might as a means of exerting pressure on other countries."

Former President Herbert Hoover and Senators Robert Taft and Burton K. Wheeler, Republican and Democrat, respectively, were singled out for special mention.—Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, NOV. 6. The House of Representatives Military Committee has urged Congress to proceed quickly with the atomic energy control legislation and leave "international problems" for later settlement.

In a formal report the committee asserted that legislation which it approved last week is "entirely neutral on international issues with which so many people are now concerned."

The Committee previously proposed control commission on domestic development and research in atomic energy.—Associated Press.

RADIO

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1946. "THE DANCING YEARS"

ZBW HONGKONG Broadcasting on Frequencies of 640 KHz and from 19.30 to 1.30 p.m., 6.30 to 1.30 p.m., and 9.00 to 10.30 p.m. on 9.72 Mcp.cycles.

H.K.T. 12.30 p.m.—"Fate" Waller in a Swing Programme.

1.00 p.m.—News & Announcements.

1.10 p.m.—The New Mayfair Orchestra.

1.30 p.m.—Film Selections.

2.00 p.m.—Close Down.

6.00 p.m.—Compositions of Liszt.

7.00 p.m.—News & Announcements.

7.10 p.m.—"Donald Fenn"—"ENBA".

7.30 p.m.—"Blytheville" Dance Orchestra—"ENBA".

8.00 p.m.—"The Dancing Years"—Ayer Novello—"ENBA".

9.00 p.m.—News & Announcements.

9.10 p.m.—"Everlast Music Hall"—"ENBA".

9.40 p.m.—Concerto Waltzes.

10.00 p.m.—News from London.

10.00 p.m.—"Music with a Lilt"—"ENBA".

10.30 p.m.—Close Down.

Programmes marked "ENBA" are recorded specially for "Everlast Entertainment" by the Department of National Service Entertainment.

Printed and published for the Proprietors, The Newspaper Enterprise, Limited, by WALTER JAMES KEARNEY, Windsor House, Hong Kong.